AS/NZS 4586:1999 (Incorporating Amendment No. 1)

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials





#### AS/NZS 4586:1999

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee BD-094, Slip Resistance of Flooring Surfaces. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 27 May 1999 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 18 May 1999. It was published on 5 August 1999.

The following interests are represented on Committee BD-094:

ACROD

Australian Building Codes Board

Australian Chemical Specialties Manufacturers Association

Australian Institute for Non-destructive Testing

Australian Resilient Floor Covering Association

Australian Stone and Terrazzo Association

Australian Tile Council

Ceramic Tile Manufacturers Association

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Originated as part of AS/NZS 3661.1:1993. Revised and redesignated as AS/NZS 4586:1999. Reissued incorporating Amendment No. 1 (March 2002).

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### **PREFACE**

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee BD/94, Slip Resistance of Flooring Surfaces, to supersede AS/NZS 3661.1:1993, Slip resistance of pedestrian surfaces, Part 1: Requirements.

This Standard incorporates Amendment No. 1 (March 2002), The changes required by the Amendment are indicated in the text by a marginal bar and amendment number against the clause, note, table, figure, or part thereof affected.

The objective of this Standard is to provide users and specifiers of pedestrian surface materials (architects, engineers, ergonomists, facility managers, manufacturers and the like) with means for classifying such surfaces according to their pedestrian slip resistance for use in the selection of surfaces.

The slip resistance classifications have been determined for unused surfaces using specific conditions, for instance special rubbers, barefoot testing, and so on. These classifications are based on an assessment of the contribution of a pedestrian surface to the risk of slipping and they will assist in the specification of a surface material suitable for most pedestrian applications. Factors such as usage, cleaning systems, applied coatings and patterns of wear may affect the characteristics of the surface after classification.

At the time of publication of this document, a Handbook providing discussion of the methods and classification used in this document as well as covering other issues related to slip resistance was being prepared. It is recommended that, when available, this handbook be read in conjunction with this Standard.

The term 'normative' has been used in this Standard to define the application of the appendix to which it applies. A 'normative' appendix is an integral part of a Standard.

This Standard provides a means of demonstrating compliance for the acceptance and rejection of new surfaces for nominated criteria.

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