

Irish Standard I.S. EN ISO 22301:2014

Societal security - Business continuity management systems - Requirements

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#### I.S. EN ISO 22301:2014

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### Societal security - Business continuity management systems - Requirements (ISO 22301:2012)

Sécurité sociétale - Systèmes de management de la continuité d'activité - Exigences (ISO 22301:2012)

Sicherheit und Schutz des Gemeinwesens -Aufrechterhaltung der Betriebsfähigkeit - Anforderungen (ISO 22301:2012)

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EN ISO 22301:2014 (E)

#### **Foreword**

The text of ISO 22301:2012 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 223 "Societal security" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 22301:2014 by Technical Committee CEN/TC 391 "Societal and Citizen Security" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by January 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by January 2015.

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# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 22301

First edition 2012-05-15 Corrected version 2012-06-15

# Societal security — Business continuity management systems — Requirements

Sécurité sociétale — Gestion de la continuité des affaires — Exigences



Reference number ISO 22301:2012(E)



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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

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ISO 22301 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 223, Societal security.

This corrected version of ISO 22301:2012 incorporates the following corrections:

- first list in 6.1 changed from a numbered to an unnumbered list;
- commas added at the end of list items in 7.5.3 and 8.3.2;
- bibliography items [19] and [20] separated, which were merged in the original;
- font size adjusted in several places.

#### 0 Introduction

#### 0.1 General

This International Standard specifies requirements for setting up and managing an effective Business Continuity Management System (BCMS).

A BCMS emphasizes the importance of

- understanding the organization's needs and the necessity for establishing business continuity management policy and objectives,
- implementing and operating controls and measures for managing an organization's overall capability to manage disruptive incidents,
- monitoring and reviewing the performance and effectiveness of the BCMS, and
- continual improvement based on objective measurement.

A BCMS, like any other management system, has the following key components:

- a) a policy;
- b) people with defined responsibilities;
- c) management processes relating to
  - 1) policy,
  - 2) planning,
  - implementation and operation,
  - 4) performance assessment,
  - 5) management review, and
  - 6) improvement;
- d) documentation providing auditable evidence; and
- e) any business continuity management processes relevant to the organization.

Business continuity contributes to a more resilient society. The wider community and the impact of the organization's environment on the organization and therefore other organizations may need to be involved in the recovery process.

#### 0.2 The Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA) model

This International Standard applies the "Plan-Do-Check-Act" (PDCA) model to planning, establishing, implementing, operating, monitoring, reviewing, maintaining and continually improving the effectiveness of an organization's BCMS.

This ensures a degree of consistency with other management systems standards, such as ISO 9001 Quality management systems, ISO 14001, Environmental management systems, ISO/IEC 27001, Information security management systems, ISO/IEC 20000-1, Information technology — Service management, and ISO 28000, Specification for security management systems for the supply chain, thereby supporting consistent and integrated implementation and operation with related management systems.

Figure 1 illustrates how a BCMS takes as inputs interested parties, requirements for continuity management and, through the necessary actions and processes, produces continuity outcomes (i.e. managed business continuity) that meet those requirements.

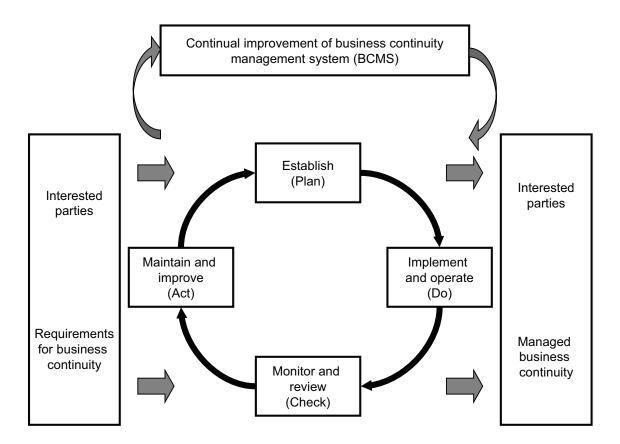


Figure 1 — PDCA model applied to BCMS processes

Plan (Establish)	Establish business continuity policy, objectives, targets, controls, processes and procedures relevant to improving business continuity in order to deliver results that align with the organization's overall policies and objectives.  Implement and operate the business continuity policy, controls, processes and procedures.	
Do (Implement and operate)		
Check (Monitor and review)	Monitor and review performance against business continuity policy and objectives, report the results to management for review, and determine and authorize actions for remediation and improvement.	
Act (Maintain and improve)	Maintain and improve the BCMS by taking corrective action, based on the results of management review and reappraising the scope of the BCMS and business continuity	

Table 1 — Explanation of PDCA model

#### 0.3 Components of PDCA in this International Standard

policy and objectives.

In the Plan-Do-Check-Act model as shown in Table 1, Clause 4 through Clause 10 in this International Standard cover the following components.

- Clause 4 is a component of Plan. It introduces requirements necessary to establish the context of the BCMS as it applies to the organization, as well as needs, requirements, and scope.
- Clause 5 is a component of Plan. It summarizes the requirements specific to top management's role in the BCMS, and how leadership articulates its expectations to the organization via a policy statement.
- Clause 6 is a component of Plan. It describes requirements as it relates to establishing strategic objectives and guiding principles for the BCMS as a whole. The content of Clause 6 differs from establishing risk treatment opportunities stemming from risk assessment, as well as business impact analysis (BIA) derived recovery objectives.

NOTE The business impact analysis and risk assessment process requirements are detailed in Clause 8.

- Clause 7 is a component of Plan. It supports BCMS operations as they relate to establishing competence and communication on a recurring/as-needed basis with interested parties, while documenting, controlling, maintaining and retaining required documentation.
- Clause 8 is a component of Do. It defines business continuity requirements, determines how to address them and develops the procedures to manage a disruptive incident.
- Clause 9 is a component of Check. It summarizes requirements necessary to measure business continuity management performance, BCMS compliance with this International Standard and management's expectations, and seeks feedback from management regarding expectations.
- Clause 10 is a component of Act. It identifies and acts on BCMS non-conformance through corrective action.

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## Societal security — Business continuity management systems — Requirements

#### 1 Scope

This International Standard for business continuity management specifies requirements to plan, establish, implement, operate, monitor, review, maintain and continually improve a documented management system to protect against, reduce the likelihood of occurrence, prepare for, respond to, and recover from disruptive incidents when they arise.

The requirements specified in this International Standard are generic and intended to be applicable to all organizations, or parts thereof, regardless of type, size and nature of the organization. The extent of application of these requirements depends on the organization's operating environment and complexity.

It is not the intent of this International Standard to imply uniformity in the structure of a Business Continuity Management System (BCMS), but for an organization to design a BCMS that is appropriate to its needs and that meets its interested parties' requirements. These needs are shaped by legal, regulatory, organizational and industry requirements, the products and services, the processes employed, the size and structure of the organization, and the requirements of its interested parties.

This International Standard is applicable to all types and sizes of organizations that wish to

- a) establish, implement, maintain and improve a BCMS,
- b) ensure conformity with stated business continuity policy,
- c) demonstrate conformity to others,
- d) seek certification/registration of its BCMS by an accredited third party certification body, or
- e) make a self-determination and self-declaration of conformity with this International Standard.

This International Standard can be used to assess an organization's ability to meet its own continuity needs and obligations.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

There are no normative references.

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1

#### activity

process or set of processes undertaken by an organization (or on its behalf) that produces or supports one or more products and services

EXAMPLE Such processes include accounts, call centre, IT, manufacture, distribution.



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